

Application Serial No: 10/814,360
In reply to Office Action of 16 February 2006

Attorney Docket No. 84125

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently amended): A tensile specimen comprising:

an axisymmetric first end section;

an axisymmetric second end section; and

an axisymmetric gauge section positioned centrally between said axisymmetric first end section and said axisymmetric second end section, wherein said axisymmetric first end section adjoins said axisymmetric gauge section by a first variable curvature transition fillet, and wherein said axisymmetric second end section adjoins said axisymmetric gauge section by a second variable curvature transition fillet, wherein said tensile specimen has a surface stress concentration factor close to unity (1.0) wherein a maximum said surface stress concentration factor is 1.01, a length of said specimen is 1.0 inch and a diameter of said

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axisymmetric gauge section is between 0.042 inch and
0.08 inch.

2. (Original): The tensile specimen according to claim 1,
comprising:

a first collet positioned substantially near a free end of
said axisymmetric first end section, wherein said
first collet adjoins said free end of said
axisymmetric first end section by a first shoulder;
and

a second collet positioned substantially near a free end of
said axisymmetric second end section, wherein said
second collet adjoins said free end of said
axisymmetric second end section by a second shoulder.

3. (Original): The tensile specimen according to claim 2,
having a first load transfer region defined by said first
shoulder and said axisymmetric first end section, and a second
load transfer region defined by said second shoulder and said
axisymmetric second end section wherein said first shoulder and
said second shoulder are oversized load bearing shoulders which
eliminate the possibility of a bearing stress-induced fracture

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within the first load transfer region and the second load transfer region prior to failing said axisymmetric gauge section.

4. (Canceled).

5. (Canceled).

6. (Original): The tensile specimen according to claim 1, further comprising:

a first threaded portion positioned substantially near a free end of said axisymmetric first end section; and

a second threaded portion positioned substantially near a free end of said axisymmetric second end section.

7. (Canceled).

8. (Original): The tensile specimen according to claim 1, wherein uniform axial stress fields exist within and adjacent to said axisymmetric gauge section.

9. (canceled).

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10. (Original): A tensile specimen test setup comprising:

a tensile specimen having:

an axisymmetric first end section;

an axisymmetric second end section; and

an axisymmetric gauge section positioned centrally between

said axisymmetric first end section and said
axisymmetric second end section, wherein said
axisymmetric first end section adjoins said
axisymmetric gauge section by a first variable
curvature transition fillet, and wherein said
axisymmetric second end section adjoins said
axisymmetric gauge section by a second variable
curvature transition fillet, wherein said tensile
specimen has a surface stress concentration factor
close to unity (1.0);

a first test block attached to said axisymmetric first end
section of said tensile specimen;

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a second test block attached to said axisymmetric second end section of said tensile specimen; and

an electrical apparatus electrically joined to said first test block and said second test block, wherein said electrical apparatus records voltage, current, impedance and resistance of said tensile specimen while said tensile specimen is tested.

11. (Original): The tensile specimen test setup according to claim 10, wherein said tensile specimen further comprises:

a first collet located substantially near a free end of said axisymmetric first end section, wherein said first collet adjoins said free end of said axisymmetric first end section by a first shoulder; and

a second collet located substantially near a free end of said axisymmetric second end section, wherein said second collet adjoins said free end of said axisymmetric second end section by a second shoulder, wherein said first test block is adapted to receive said collet of said axisymmetric first end section and

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said second test block is adapted to receive said
collet of said axisymmetric second end section.

12. (Original): The tensile specimen test setup according to
claim 10, further comprising:

a first threaded portion positioned substantially near a
free end of said axisymmetric first end section; and
a second threaded portion positioned substantially near a
free end of said axisymmetric second end section,

wherein said first test block is adapted to receive said
threaded portion of said axisymmetric first end
section and said second test block is adapted to
receive said threaded portion of said axisymmetric
second end section.

13. (Original): A method of testing a piezoelectric material
comprising:

preparing a sample from a piezoelectric material;

mounting said sample to a mounting apparatus;

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joining electrical measurement apparatus to said sample by
said mounting apparatus;

subjecting said sample to axial forces until failure;

measuring elongation of said sample during said step of
subjecting;

measuring axial forces on said sample during said step of
subjecting;

measuring electrical properties of said sample during said
step of subjecting; and

examining said sample after failure.

14. (Original): The method of claim 13, wherein subjecting said sample to axial forces until failure comprises causing contraction of said sample by providing an electrical current to said sample.

15. (Original): The method of claim 14, wherein said electrical current is provided to said sample cyclically to cause cyclical contractions.

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16. (Original): The method of claim 13, wherein subjecting said sample to axial forces is performed mechanically.

17. (Original): The method of claim 13, wherein preparing said sample from said piezoelectric material comprises:

growing a crystal of said piezoelectric material; and

machining a cylindrical tensile test specimen from said crystal.

18. (Original): The method of claim 17, wherein machining said tensile test specimen comprises:

using a numerically controlled lathe to radially scribe said tensile test specimen such that a surface of said tensile test specimen has a surface stress concentration factor near unity; and

polishing said surface of said tensile test specimen.

19. (Original): The method of claim 17, wherein machining said tensile test specimen comprises using a numerically controlled machine to axially scribe said tensile test specimen such that a

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surface of said tensile test specimen has a surface stress
concentration factor near unity.